

TEXAS GENERAL LAND OFFICE

"We work to rebuild communities, to put Texans back in their homes, and to help businesses recover after the trauma of disaster."

George P. Bush Texas General Land Office Commissioner



INTRODUCTIONS



Findings Report Presentation Agenda

- Introductions
- Meeting Objectives
- Study Approach and Methodology
- Overview of Units Evaluated
- Key Findings and Recommendations
- Obstacles and Pathways for Alternative Housing
- Discussion
- Adjourn

Meeting Objectives



- Describe the Study's purpose and research methodology.
- Identify the types and capabilities of units evaluated.
- Review the Study's key findings and recommendations for Phase II.
- Discuss the obstacles and pathways for the future of alternative housing.



STUDY APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY

Purpose of Study



 Evaluate alternative housing options currently available in the marketplace, focusing on units that can meet needs for both interim and permanent housing.

Key Metrics: Resiliency, Cost, Timeliness, Livability, and Range of Use

Study Approach



Literature review informs the Study **Community outreach** sets the context

HAT survey identifies the solutions

Literature Review Findings



Community-Based Approaches



Active **community engagement** is critical, especially given that the impact of effective housing missions extends to the **survival and long-term recovery** of the community.

Challenges in Previous Pilots and Programs



Pilot programs to boost housing accessibility have historically been encumbered by **technical and project management challenges**, **supply chain issues**, and a lack of **unit durability**.

Modular Construction



Modular housing construction—using **expedited and less expensive assembly lines**—can be a strategy to combat rising construction costs, if they meet local codes and standards.

Community Outreach Findings



Estimate Cost Holistically

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"Are they able to afford the taxes, upkeep, and maintenance? That's where non-profits and funders struggle, because **we see a lot of repeat survivors with deferred maintenance**."

Design to Aesthetic Standards



"A lot of this is about aesthetics, particularly if you are talking temporary to permanent. Does this fit into the neighborhood? **Does this look and feel like a real house?**"

Meet and Exceed Codes



"We are not in the community rating system, we have adopted no free board, we have adopted the bare bones requirements—and we're being asked to waive them and put people in harm's way."

Community Outreach Findings (continued)



Utilize Temporary to Permanent



"...anything that promotes temporary to permanent housing is a **better return on investment** for our state, government, and partners."

Coordinate with Non-Profits



"As we consider these, I know there are several non-profits available who can support rebuild after a disaster."

Develop Education and Buy-in



"There is a lot education that needs to happen about modular homes and the fact that they're not interchangeable with manufactured homes. In their mind, it's a trailer."

HAT Survey Approach



INPUTS OUTPUTS 177 questions in 9 categories 5 primary categories **Alternative Housing Categories** Resilience > Flood **Codes and Standards** > Wind Resilience > Fire Unit Sizes and Amenities > Energy Customizability Livability Structure Elements Range of Use **Construction and Site Requirements** Timeliness **Production Capability** Cost **Cost and Cost Effectiveness**

Vendor Participation



| 80+ | 34 | 24 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Vendors Contacted (Phone / Email) | HAT Surveys Submitted | Participating Vendors |
| 20 | 1 | 1 |
| Comprehensive Datasets Developed | Informational Webinar Held | Informational Website Launched |

Evaluation Methodology



The Study utilized a *hybrid quantitative and qualitative analysis approach* to support consistent scoring and direct comparison of units across metrics (i.e., resilience, cost).

The *quantitative analysis* translated to an automated web-based algorithm that scored units based on HAT survey data.

Vendor Profiles

Findings and Phase II Recommendations The *qualitative analysis* leveraged expertise to contextualize scores and inform the Study's overall recommendations.



OVERVIEW OF UNITS EVALUATED

Disruptors in the Housing Market



Technology to enable rapid deployments that serve survivors quickly

Cost effective solutions with community buy-in Long-term resilient housing that will withstand future natural hazards

Emerging alternative housing technologies are potential disruptors in the market to addressing challenges for short- and long-term housing deployments.

Rapidly Deployable Technology





Resilient Housing Technology



Flood damageresistant materials

Ability to elevate



Built to exceed codes



Metal framing systems with strong load paths

Categorization of Housing Solutions



3D Printed Housing







- Vulcan printer used for construction
- Main construction material is a proprietary concrete termed "magma"
- Wood framed roofing, plumbing, and electrical systems installed after unit has been printed

Modular Foldable Units





A-FOLD HousesItalyBoxablNevadaForts USAFloridaSO?Turkey

- Built from SIPs constructed in a prefabricated shell
- Use a crane to "unfold" on-site in a construction process that takes 1-2 days
- Can stack and connect to become larger homes

Modular Panelized Units





AbleNookFloridaGravity ArchitectsCaliforniaHex HouseMinnesotaHorizon NorthCanadaKiro ActionTexasLiV-ConnectedNew YorkRAPIDOTexas



- Constructed with prefabricated SIPs that connect on-site in different configurations
- Configurations can expand and connect for a range of use purposes

Modular Prefabricated Units







Connect HomesCaliforniaCore Housing SolutionsFloridaDwellerOregonHaus.meNevadaM-RadCalifornia

- Units are almost entirely prefabricated in factory
- Distinct from manufactured housing units and travel trailers in their use of more resilient building materials and designs
 - Include capabilities for rapidly deployable shelter

Shipping Containers





Falcon StructuresManor, TXindieDwellBoise, IDUrban RiggerDenmark

- Built using a shipping container as the base structure
- Can stack and connect for different home sizes
- Can include aesthetic changes on the exterior to meet community expectations

Log Kit Homes







EcoHouseMart | New York Allwood Industrials | Florida

- Constructed from a spruce lumber
- Logs use an interlocking tongue and groove technology
- Units are designed as a single building system

Traditional Kit Homes





Sunshine Home Kits | Oregon

• Concept like the Sears Homes sold in the 1900s



- Mobilizes an assembly line system through use of corporate partnerships (e.g., Home Depot, Lowes)
- Streamlines procurement and production supply chains through standardized models



KEY FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Resilience



| Flood Resilience 😂 | Hardened, flood damage-resistant exteriors and framing systems that are easy to elevate |
|--------------------|--|
| | |
| Wind Resilience = | Constructed with strong exterior shells designed to meet wind speeds per Texas Windstorm Insurance Association |
| | |
| Fire Resilience | Capable of attaining 1.5 to 2+ hour fire ratings and constructed with fire-resistant materials (e.g., steel, cement board) |
| | |
| Energy Resilience | Compliant with green building standards and off-grid capable |
| | |

Overall Unit Capabilities



| Livability | 合 | Flexibility to customize the interior and exterior, meet local architectural standards, and provide a comfortable living space |
|--------------|----|---|
| | | |
| Range of Use | X | Capable of supporting temporary-to-permanent needs, single or multi-family use purposes, and adapt to specific environments |
| | | |
| Timeliness | | Able to flatpack for expedited transportation and quickly install for rapid use purposes |
| | | |
| Cost | \$ | Cost-efficiency as indicated by the purchase price, projected lifespan, haul and install, long-term maintenance, and resilience |

Phase II Testing Recommendations



The Study identified four vendors that presented the most viable solutions for use in the State of Texas.



Obstacles and Pathways for Alternative Housing



Manufacturing Solutions at Scale

Programmatic and Contractual Infrastructure

Changes to the Stafford Act

GLO is well-positioned to take on these obstacles and define the pathway to successful alternative housing deployments.



DISCUSSION



ADJOURN