

Louisiana: ESIMAP 7

BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES:

BIRD:

RAR#	Species	S F Conc.	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	Nesting	Migrating	Molting
1	American avocet	UP TO 2486 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	American golden-plover	UP TO 2 BIRDS /KM			X	X				X	X	X			-	-	-
	American white pelican	UP TO 342 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Black skimmer	UP TO 435 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Black tern	UP TO 5 BIRDS /KM								X	X	X			-	-	-
	Black-bellied plover	UP TO 20 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Black-necked stilt	UP TO 7 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Bonaparte's gull	UP TO 663 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X							X	X	-	-	-
	Brown pelican	E UP TO 653 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Buff-breasted sandpiper	UP TO 16 BIRDS /KM				X	X			X	X	X			-	-	-
	Caspian tern	UP TO 162 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Double-crested cormorant	UP TO 9 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Dowitchers	UP TO 2 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Dunlin	UP TO 249 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Forster's tern	UP TO 137 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Franklin's gull	UP TO 79 BIRDS /KM				X	X			X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Glaucous gull	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X			-	-	-
	Greater yellowlegs	UP TO 9 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Gull-billed tern	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Herring gull	UP TO 124 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Killdeer	UP TO 24 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Laughing gull	UP TO 1243 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Least sandpiper	UP TO 56 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Least tern	549 PAIRS				X	X	X	X	X					APR-SEP	-	-
	Lesser black-backed gull	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Lesser yellowlegs	UP TO 6 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Long-billed curlew	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Marbled godwit	UP TO 22 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Pectoral sandpiper	UP TO 2 BIRDS /KM			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Piping plover	T T UP TO 5 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Red knot	LESS THAN 1 BIRD /KM				X	X	X		X	X	X			-	-	-
	Reddish egret	UP TO 6 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Royal tern	UP TO 466 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Ruddy turnstone	UP TO 44 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Sandwich tern	UP TO 6 BIRDS /KM				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Semipalmated plover	UP TO 24 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Semipalmated sandpiper	UP TO 93 BIRDS /KM				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Short-billed dowitcher	UP TO 84 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Snowy plover	UP TO 27 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X					X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Spotted sandpiper	UP TO 7 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Stilt sandpiper	UP TO 9 BIRDS /KM			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Western sandpiper	UP TO 218 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Whimbrel	UP TO 12 BIRDS /KM			X	X	X								-	-	-
	White-rumped sandpiper	UP TO 12 BIRDS /KM				X	X								-	-	-
	Willet	UP TO 75 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Wilson's phalarope	UP TO 16 BIRDS /KM				X	X			X	X	X			-	-	-
	Wilson's plover	41 PAIRS				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MAR-JUL	-	-
14	American avocet	UP TO 59 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	American golden-plover	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM				X	X			X	X	X			-	-	-
	American white pelican	UP TO 10 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Baird's sandpiper	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM				X	X			X	X	X			-	-	-
	Black skimmer	UP TO 4 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Black tern	UP TO 6 BIRDS /KM								X	X	X			-	-	-
	Black-bellied plover	UP TO 11 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Black-necked stilt	UP TO 5 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Bonaparte's gull	UP TO 42 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X							X	X	-	-	-
	Brown pelican	E UP TO 82 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Buff-breasted sandpiper	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM				X	X			X	X	X			-	-	-
	Caspian tern	UP TO 28 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Double-crested cormorant	UP TO 12 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Dowitchers	UP TO 3 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Dunlin	UP TO 22 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Forster's tern	UP TO 183 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Franklin's gull	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM				X	X			X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Greater yellowlegs	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Gull-billed tern	UP TO 3 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Herring gull	UP TO 10 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Killdeer	UP TO 16 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Laughing gull	UP TO 2797 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Least sandpiper	UP TO 19 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Least tern	241 PAIRS				X	X	X	X	X					APR-SEP	-	-
	Lesser black-backed gull	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Lesser yellowlegs	UP TO 2 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Long-billed curlew	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Piping plover	T T UP TO 4 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Red knot	LESS THAN 1 BIRD /KM				X	X	X		X	X	X			-	-	-
	Reddish egret	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Royal tern	UP TO 1243 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Ruddy turnstone	UP TO 11 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Sandwich tern	UP TO 17 BIRDS /KM				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Semipalmated plover	UP TO 19 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Semipalmated sandpiper	UP TO 6 BIRDS /KM				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		-	-	-
	Short-billed dowitcher	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Snowy plover	UP TO 4 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X					X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Spotted sandpiper	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Upland sandpiper	UP TO 5 BIRDS /KM				X	X	X	X	X	X	X			-	-	-
	Western sandpiper	UP TO 21 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Whimbrel	UP TO 10 BIRDS /KM				X	X								-	-	-
	Willet	UP TO 31 BIRDS /KM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-
	Wilson's plover	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM				X	X	X	X	X	X	X			-	-	-
	Wilson's snipe	UP TO 1 BIRD /KM	X	X	X					X	X	X			-	-	-
61	Black skimmer	50 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MAY-SEP	-	-
	Black-crowned night-heron	200 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MAR-AUG	-	-
	Brown pelican	E 175 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	NOV-SEP	-	-
	Cattle egret	70 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	APR-AUG	-	-
	Forster's tern	800 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MAR-JUL	-	-
	Great blue heron	20 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	FEB-JUL	-	-
	Great egret	160 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	FEB-JUL	-	-
	Herring gull	50 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MAY-AUG	-	-
	Laughing gull	9116 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	APR-JUL	-	-
	Roseate spoonbill	60 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	APR-AUG	-	-
	Snowy egret	405 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MAR-JUL	-	-
	Tricolored heron	650 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MAR-JUL	-	-
	White ibis	290 PAIRS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	APR-AUG	-	-
169	Common loon		X	X	X					X	X				-	-	-
	Northern gannet		X	X	X					X	X	X			-	-	-
	Scaup	100S															

Louisiana: ESIMAP 7 (cont.)

HUMAN USE RESOURCES: (cont.)

CRITICAL HABITAT:

HUN#	Name	Contact	Phone
77	PIPING PLOVER CRITICAL HABITAT	USFWS	

HELIPORT:

HUN#	Name	Contact	Phone
689	A B DOCK SERVICES		
701	CAGC DOCK		
703	CAMERON SHORE BASE		
715	ERA HELICOPTERS CAMERON BASE		
735	MIDSTREAM CAMERON EAST		
736	MIDSTREAM CAMERON WEST		
737	MOBIL CAMERON		
745	PETROLEUM HELICOPTERS CAMERON		

MANAGEMENT AREA:

HUN#	Name	Contact	Phone
779	PUBLIC OYSTER AREA	LDWF	

WILDLIFE REFUGE:

HUN#	Name	Contact	Phone
885	CAMERON PRAIRIE NWR - EAST COVE UNIT	USFWS	

Biological information shown on the maps represents known concentration areas or occurrences, but does not necessarily represent the full distribution or range of each species. The LDWF-LNHP provided information for some of the federally and state listed species and species of conservation concern for display in the ESI atlas and accompanying digital data in 2013. The available LNHP data sets are to be used for oil spill response and spill response planning only. These data represent existing information known to the LNHP at the time of the request and should never be substituted for consultation with the LNHP. The more spatially generalized 2011 polygonal waterbird colony data was provided by LNHP and the more spatially specific 2006 point waterbird colony data was provided by BTNEP. The display of these two data sets does not imply that EITHER or BOTH sets of polygons and/or points (especially if counts are aggregated) reflect current nest locations OR counts, but rather are to be used as a guide for what species could be present.
